Awareness of Light Pollution through Hands-on Learning

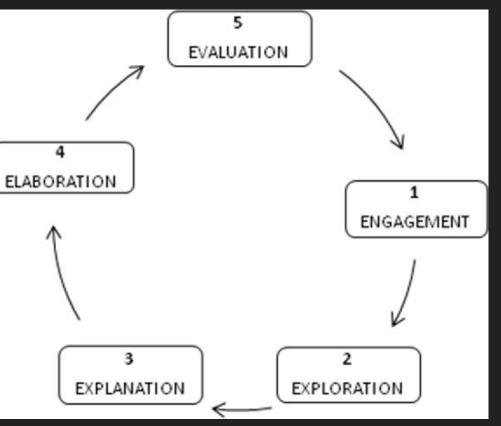
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Process

Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS)

- Cross-cutting concepts
 - Explore connections across the different sciences
- Science and Engineering Practices
 - What does "inquiry" mean to scientists?
- Disciplinary Core Ideas
 - Core ideas build on each other as students progress
 - Ex: the Universe and its Stars
 - Ex: Human Impact on Earth Systems
 - Ex: Definitions of Energy

5E constructivist learning cycle



Know the causes, solutions, and relevance of light pollution

What Is Light Pollution?

- "Excessive and obtrusive artificial light with adverse effects" (from slides)
 - Caused by: streetlights, satellites, security lights, etc.
 - Can cause: Light trespass, glare, clutter
 - All bad for the environment (animals and humans)







Why Should You Care?

- Light pollution is not very well-known by non-astronomers
- It is important to spread awareness
- To make a change
 - It affects all living organisms and long-term effects are not yet known
- Prevents astronomers from looking at the sky
 - Brightness of satellites gets in the way of observations







Light Pollution In Pittsburgh Through Scales

- Light pollution tends to be higher at lower altitudes, as air is not as dense and streetlights are not sitting clustered directly above the individual.
- Animals experience light pollution differently based on their species.
 - Ex. Nocturnal animals (moths, bats, owls, etc.) may face different consequences of light pollution than amphibians and reptiles (snakes, frogs, turtles, etc.); however, regardless of the species, light pollution disrupts the life of all animals.
- Citizens also experience light pollution differently based on their location within the city.
 - Ex. Citizens living in the suburbs surrounding Pittsburgh may experience less light pollution than those living in apartments downtown.

2

Become a lighting steward of your community

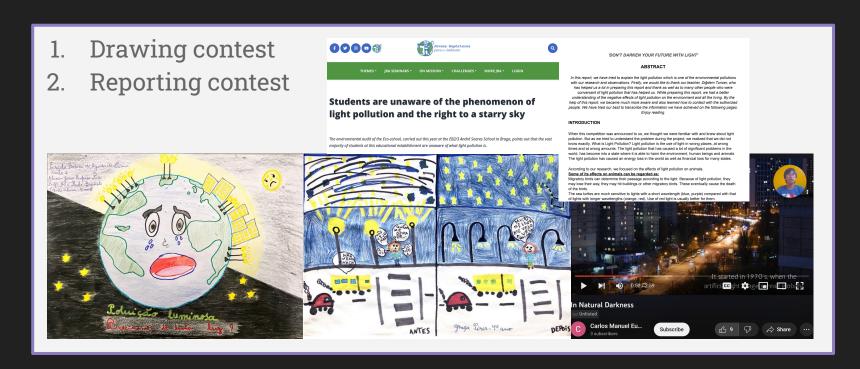


What Can You Do About It?

- Turn off lights that are not being used
- Avoid unnecessary lighting (decorative)
- Make sure that your lighting fixtures are not trespassing other's property
 - Lighting fixtures should be facing downwards
- Opt for motion sensitive lighting
- Implement automatic lighting
 - Turns off and on at certain times for a certain period of time
- Share what you know about the issue and invite others to make a change



Dark Skies Rangers – Portugal



3

Analyze light pollution in your city/neighborhood/home

Interactive Activity

We will experience light pollution from different locations in Pittsburgh

Locations:

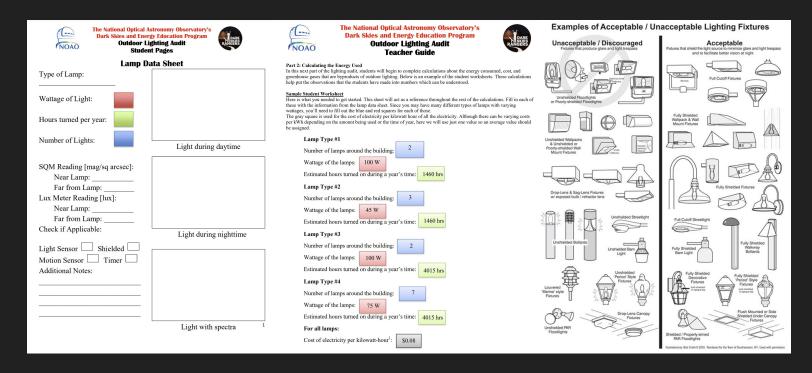
- Mt. Washington (high)
- Commercial street
- Own house (low)

Purpose: To deepen our understand of the presence of light pollution in the city & also understand how it may affect the animals around these locations.

Ex: Light Shielding Lab – NOAO



Ex: Outdoor Lighting Audit – NOAO



4

Empathize with the experiences and needs of other species

Birds

- Light pollution may reduce their immunity to diseases
 - "The ability of animals, including birds, to respond to external parasites and pathogens greatly depends on the time of day" (Dormini 2015)
- Disrupts sleeping cycle
 - "Artificial lighting caused experimental birds to wake up earlier, sleep less (-5%) and spent less time in the nest-box as they left their nest-box earlier in the morning" (Eens et al., 2015)
 - Less sleep is more noticeable in female birds
 - Disruptions in sleeping pattern could potentially negatively affect their fitness



Bunnies, Cows, Deer (Herbivores)

- These animals avoid eating in brightly lit areas at night to hide from predators
 - So, what happens when nights become brighter for longer due to artificial lighting?
 - May be obligated to stay hidden for longer periods of time
 - Affects eating cycle
- Artificial light may also be harmful to the predator
 - "Such concentrations [of food] could lead to faster disease transmission among predator species not to mention the faster depletion of their food source" (Longcore et al., 2013)
 - Particularly for predators that hunt animals that may be found gathered around a source of light



Moths, Butterflies, Maggots (Herbivorous Insects)

- There is evidence that artificial light affect the weight of these insects as larvae
 - "larvae reared under streetlights weighed 43% less than larvae reared under unilluminated conditions" (Murphy et al., 2019)
 - This affects their lifetime fitness
 - "larvae with low body mass translate into adults with fewer resources for finding mates and producing offspring" (Loewy et al., 2013)





5

Relate the issue of light pollution to other current issues

Worksheet

Formalize lesson plan

What now?

Iterate on worksheet Merge concept with content

Sources

Animals

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